Tai Chi for a good back

By lan Deavin

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Some personal thoughts on how Tai Chi fits into the mix of approaches to "bad back" syndrome arising from deterioration of posture and poor habits of body use.

Tai Chi emphasises keeping a relaxed straight back leading to a vertical posture carried with poise. Tai Chi achieves this by using principles and practices which it has in common with Yoga, Alexander Technique, Pilates, Chi Kung etc.

For example:

- Intention and Visualisation such as the "golden thread" with head floating up, body weight sinking down
- Balance exercises such as a number which involve "spiralling" the body while coordinating the arms/legs with the central core movement of the dantien. Wherever possible these can be done with feet together and eyes closed.
- Holding of postures such as the "standing pole" Chi Kung exercises and the relaxed maintaining of Tai Chi postures.
- Hands on corrections which enable us to understand the difference between what we think we are doing and what we are actually doing – and so correct to a more vertical posture.
- Mindfulness maintaining the awareness created in our practice.
- Relaxation allows the body to straighten where otherwise tensions might have pulled it out of shape.
- Opening of joints by opening the vertebrae we can extend and straighten the back opening other joints relaxes the way the weight is carried and distributed along the spine.
- Internal body awareness by being sensitively aware we can be more mindful.
- Concept of Chi, Prana, energy etc. enables us to compare the way we move and to develop strength and fluidity.

However Tai Chi goes further by incorporating its own ways of continuing this relaxed vertical back and posture into everyday movement.

These additional principles take use of the back from slow standing movement through to vigorous activity by cultivating:

- Resilient skeletal muscular structure
- Moving from the centre
- Sequentially segmental body use
- Spiralling

Clearly the best approach is to initiate habits of good posture and movement before any problem presents, or failing that to catch a back problem before it becomes too severe or chronic. The principles of Tai Chi establish good habits of body usage from any point – and can offer a healing pathway if a situation of dis-comfort is caught early enough. Even when the spine fails to relax or straighten then practice can still lead to improved balance and mobility – in other words even if a back problem does not resolve then improvement in general body usage may significantly improve the overall situation.

It seems likely that best results would be achieved by sufferers working in conjunction with their medical practitioners and other therapists as well as using Tai Chi practice e.g. physiotherapy, osteopathy, acupuncture, Shiatsu etc.

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